## §4041A.23

- (3) The value of the entire nonforfeitable benefit does not exceed \$1,750.
- (c) Except to the extent provided in the next sentence, the plan sponsor shall not pay benefits in excess of the amount that is nonforfeitable under the plan as of the date of termination, unless authorized to do so by the PBGC pursuant to \$4041A.27. Subject to the restriction stated in paragraph (d) of this section, however, the plan sponsor may pay a qualified preretirement survivor annuity with respect to a participant who died after the date of termination.
- (d) The payment of benefits subject to reduction shall be discontinued to the extent provided in §4281.31 if the plan sponsor determines, in accordance with §4041A.24, that the plan's assets are insufficient to provide all nonforfeitable benefits.
- (e) The plan sponsor shall, to the extent provided in §4281.41, suspend the payment of nonguaranteed benefits if the plan sponsor determines, in accordance with §4041A.25, that the plan is insolvent.
- (f) The plan sponsor shall, to the extent required by §4281.42, make retroactive payments of suspended benefits if it determines under that section that the level of the plan's available resources requires such payments.

## § 4041A.23 Imposition and collection of withdrawal liability.

Until plan assets are distributed in accordance with subpart D of this part, or until the end of the plan year as of which the PBGC determines that plan assets (exclusive of claims for withdrawal liability) are sufficient to satisfy all nonforfeitable benefits under the plan, the plan sponsor shall be responsible for determining, imposing and collecting withdrawal liability (including the liability arising as a result of the mass withdrawal), in accordance with part 4219, subpart C, of this chapter and sections 4201 through 4225 of ERISA.

## § 4041A.24 Annual plan valuations and monitoring.

(a) Annual valuation. Not later than 150 days after the end of the plan year, the plan sponsor shall determine or cause to be determined in writing the

- value of nonforfeitable benefits under the plan and the value of the plan's assets, in accordance with part 4281, subpart B. This valuation shall be done as of the end of the plan year in which the plan terminates and each plan year thereafter (exclusive of a plan year for which the plan receives financial assistance from the PBGC under section 4261 of ERISA) up to but not including the plan year in which the plan is closed out in accordance with subpart D of this part.
- (b) Plan monitoring. Upon receipt of the annual valuation described in paragraph (a) of this section, the plan sponsor shall determine whether the value of nonforfeitable benefits exceeds the value of the plan's assets, including claims for withdrawal liability owed to the plan. When benefits do exceed assets, the plan sponsor shall—
- (1) If the plan provides benefits subject to reduction, amend the plan to reduce those benefits in accordance with the procedures in part 4281, subpart C, of this chapter to the extent necessary to ensure that the plan's assets are sufficient to discharge when due all of the plan's obligations with respect to nonforfeitable benefits; or
- (2) If the plan provides no benefits subject to reduction, make periodic determinations of plan solvency in accordance with § 4041A.25.
- (c) Notices of benefit reductions. The plan sponsor of a plan that has been amended to reduce benefits shall provide participants and beneficiaries and the PBGC notice of the benefit reduction in accordance with §4281.32.

## § 4041A.25 Periodic determinations of plan solvency.

(a) Annual insolvency determination. The plan sponsor of a plan that has been amended to eliminate all benefits that are subject to reduction under section 4281(c) of ERISA shall determine in writing whether the plan is expected to be insolvent for the first plan year beginning after the effective date of the amendment and for each plan year thereafter. In the event that a plan adopts more than one amendment reducing benefits under section 4281(c) of ERISA, the initial determination shall be made for the first plan year beginning after the effective date of the